NUEVOS

TRATAMIENTO:

NEUMODULACIÓN

TIBIAL

POSTERIOR



F. de la Portilla, M.A.E.C.P





Agonistas α-adrenérgicos

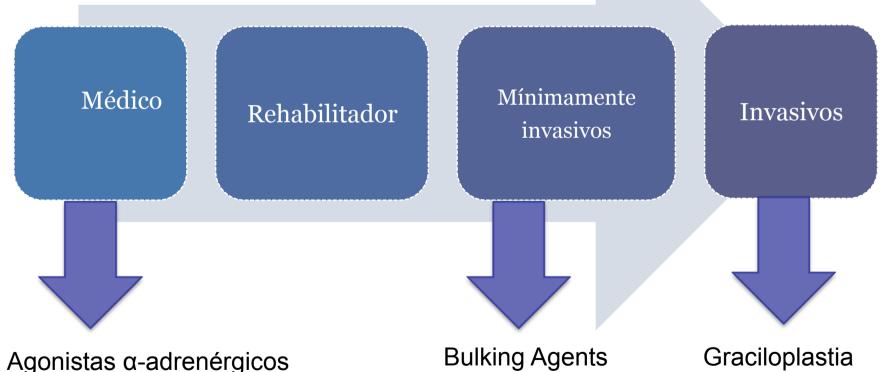
#### **INCONTINENCIA FECAL**

SECCA

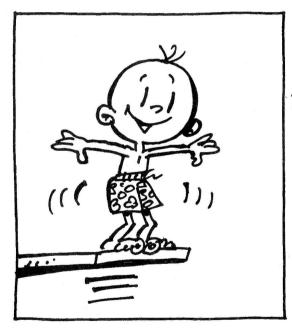
**NMN Tibial Posterior** 

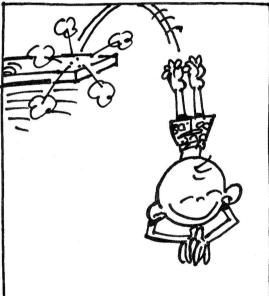
dinámica

ABS



## Intentaré ...





- Tipos
- Técnica básica
- Funciona?
- Si funciona ¿en quienes?
- Si funciona, ¿Se sabe por qué?
- ¿Cómo podemos obtener mejores resultados?
- Reflexiones

## Consideraciones Rápidas





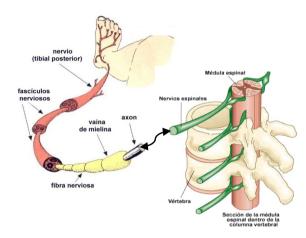


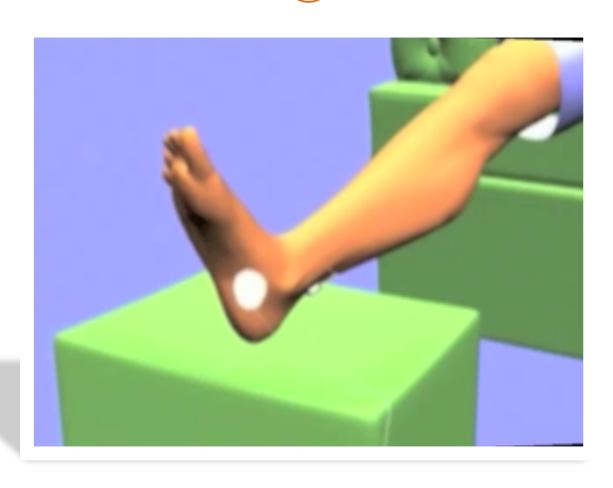
Table A-4

#### **Incontinence Episodes**

| Model  | Study name      | Subgroup within stud | ly                | 9                 | Statistics f | or each        | <u>stud</u> y |                |         |              | Std diff    | n means a | <u>nd 95% C</u> I   |      |
|--------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|---------|--------------|-------------|-----------|---------------------|------|
|        |                 |                      | Std diff in means | Standard<br>error | Variance     | Lower<br>limit |               | Z-Value        | p-Value |              |             |           |                     |      |
|        | Vandoninck      | OAB                  | -0.159            | 0.210             | 0.044        | -0.570         | 0.252         | -0.757         | 0.449   |              |             |           |                     |      |
|        | Congregado-Ruiz | OAB                  | -0.534            | 0.212             | 0.045        | -0.949         | -0.119        | -2.522         | 0.012   |              | -   -       | █-        |                     |      |
|        | Peters          | OAB                  | -0.505            | 0.235             | 0.055        | -0.964         | -0.045        | -2.152         | 0.031   |              | - 1 -       | █┤        |                     |      |
|        | Van der Pal     | UUI                  | -5.271            | 1.013             | 1.027        | -7.257         | -3.285        | -5.201         | 0.000   | $\leftarrow$ |             |           |                     |      |
| Fixed  |                 |                      | -0.465            | 0.125             | 0.016        | -0.709         | -0.220        | -3.724         | 0.000   |              |             | <b>◆</b>  |                     |      |
| Random |                 |                      | -0.921            | 0.405             | 0.164        | -1.714         | -0.127        | -2.273         | 0.023   |              |             |           |                     |      |
|        |                 |                      |                   |                   |              |                |               |                |         | -4.00        | -2.00       | 0.00      | 2.00                | 4.00 |
|        |                 |                      |                   |                   |              |                | M             | <i>lartins</i> | on M.   |              | PTNS Better |           | No Treatment Better |      |

|             | Transcutánea | Percutánea<br>(Urgent PC) | Plexo Sacro<br>(InterStim) |
|-------------|--------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| Frecuencia  | 10 Hz        | 20 Hz                     | 10-14 Hz                   |
| Ancho Pulso | 200 μs       | 200 µs                    | 180-240 μs                 |
| Amplitud    | 10-35 mA     | 0-10 mA                   |                            |

# Técnica



## ¿Funciona?

### **NMTP Percutánea**

| Autor,<br>año        | N° pac. | Tipo<br>IF       | % Curación | Seguimento<br>Meses | Pauta<br>Tto     |
|----------------------|---------|------------------|------------|---------------------|------------------|
| Shafik, 2003         | 32      | No estruct.      | 60         | 22                  | Is/4s            |
| Mentes, 2007         | 2       | Lesión<br>Lumbar | 100        | I                   | 30'/días alt/4 s |
| de la Portilla, 2009 | 16      | Ambos            | 30         | 6                   | Is/12 s          |
| Govaert, 2009        | 22      | Estruct          | 59         | 12                  | 2 s/6 s          |
| Boyle, 2010          | 31      | Ambos            | 68         | 9                   | I s/12 s         |
| Findley, 2010        | 13      | Ambos            | 100        | 1                   | I s/12 s         |
| Siegel, 2010         | 16      | Ambos            | 81         | 3                   | I s/12 s         |
| Frolov, 2010         | 6       | No estruct.      | 83         | ¿?                  | I-2 s/I2 s       |

# ¿Funciona?

## **NMTP Transcutánea**

| Ideopática   | 70 |          |                   |
|--------------|----|----------|-------------------|
| · ·          | 60 | 3        | 20´/d/4 s         |
| EII          | 42 | 3        | 20′/d/ 3 m        |
|              | 46 | 15       | 20´/d/ 3 m        |
|              | 63 | 6        | 20'/2 veces/d/3 m |
| Esclerosis M | 61 | 18       | 20′/d             |
|              |    | 46<br>63 | 46 I5<br>63 6     |

## ¿En quién Funciona?

## **NMTP Transcutánea**

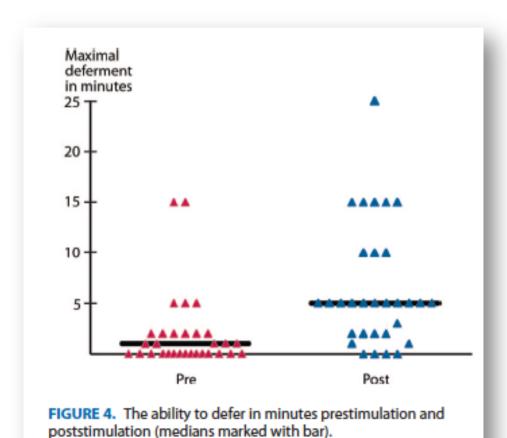
| Autor,<br>año  | N° pac. | Tipo<br>IF   | % Curación | Seguimento<br>Meses | Pauta<br>Tto      |
|----------------|---------|--------------|------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| Queralto, 2006 | 10      | Ideopática   | 60         | 3                   | 20'/d/4 s         |
| Vitton, 2009   | 12      | EII          | 42         | 3                   | 20′/d/ 3 m        |
| Vitton, 2010   | 24      |              | 46         | 15                  | 20′/d/ 3 m        |
| Eléouet, 2010  | 32      |              | 63         | 6                   | 20'/2 veces/d/3 m |
| Domingie, 2010 | 19      | Esclerosis M | ġI         | 18                  | 20′/d             |

## ¿En quién Funciona?

#### **NMTP** Percutánea

| Autor,<br>año        | N° pac. | Tipo<br>IF       | % Curación | Seguimento<br>Meses | Pauta<br>Tto     |
|----------------------|---------|------------------|------------|---------------------|------------------|
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| Siegel, 2010         | 16      | Ambos            | 81         | 3                   | I s/I2 s         |
| Frolov, 2010         | 6       | No estruct.      | 83         | ¿?                  | 1-2 s/12 s       |
|                      |         |                  | → URGE     | NCIA                |                  |

## Capacidad Diferir Defecación



Percutánea

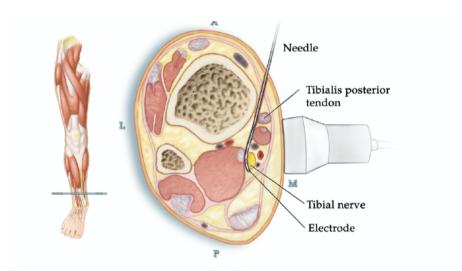
- N: 31 pac
- P< 0.0001

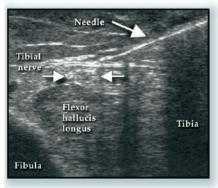
Boyle et al, DCR 2010

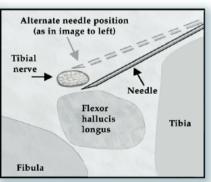
#### Ortega et al, CRD 2010

- 98 estimulaciones
- 69 técnica clásica / 29 control Multi-Stim
- Permite NE más bajas
  - o 7,26 vs 3,74 mA

## Chan I, et al. Neurosurgery 2010







## ¿Placebo?



Neurourology and Urodynamics 28:58-61 (2009)

#### Validation of a Sham for Percutaneous Tibial Nerve Stimulation (PTNS)

Kenneth Peters,<sup>1,2</sup> Donna Carrico,<sup>1,2</sup>\* and Frank Burks<sup>1,2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Beaumont Hospital, Department of Urology, Royal Oak, Michigan

<sup>2</sup>Ministrelli Program for Urology Research and Education (MPURE), Beaumont Hospital, Royal Oak, Michigan

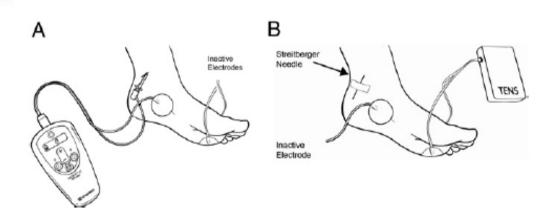


Figure 1. PTNS (A) and sham (B) setup

# Randomized Trial of Percutaneous Tibial Nerve Stimulation Versus Sham Efficacy in the Treatment of Overactive Bladder Syndrome: Results From the SUmiT Trial

Kenneth M. Peters,\*,† Donna J. Carrico, Ramon A. Perez-Marrero,‡ Ansar U. Khan, Leslie S. Wooldridge,§ Gregory L. Davis|| and Scott A. MacDiarmid¶

0022-5347/10/1834-1438/0 THE JOURNAL OF UROLOGY® Vol. 183, 1438-1443, April 2010 Printed in U.S.A.

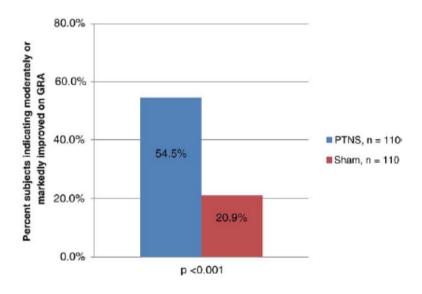
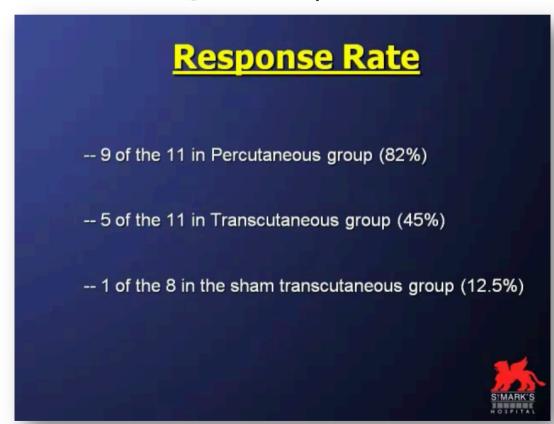


Figure 3. Intent to treat analysis comparing PTNS and sham GRA at week 13 assessment.

### Estudio St Mark's Hospital

- Prospectivo doble ciego Randomizado.
- Éxito: Reducción > 50 % nº episodios/IF/semana

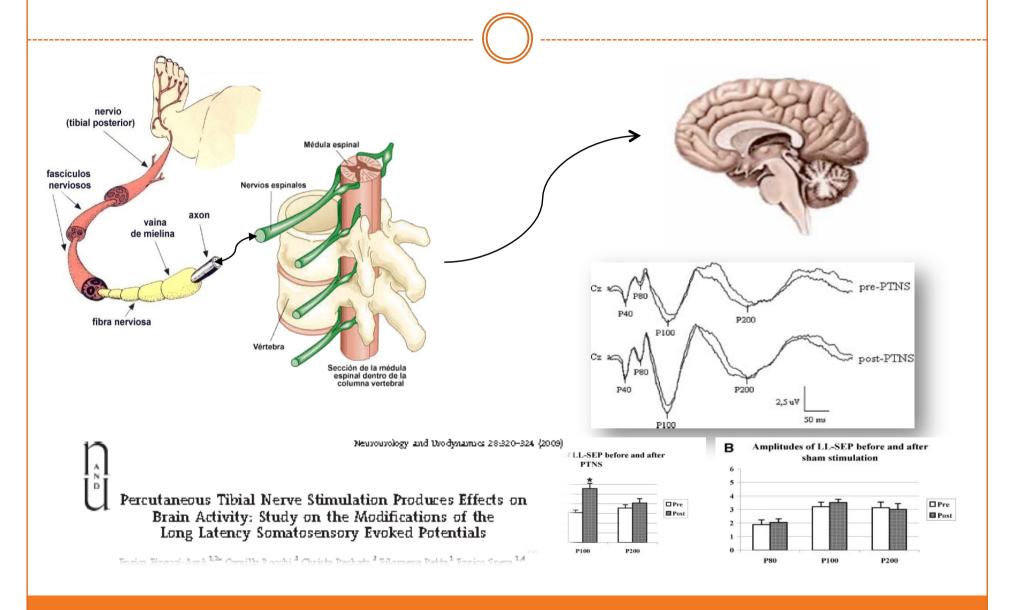


#### **Futuros Datos**



| País          | Estudio                    | n   | Estimulacion | Tiempo<br>(sem) | frecuencia | Seguimiento<br>(meses) | Estado     |
|---------------|----------------------------|-----|--------------|-----------------|------------|------------------------|------------|
| Multicéntrico | Randomizado                | 56  | Percutánea   | 9               | 1 /sem     | 6-12                   | Reclutando |
| Francia       | Doble Ciego<br>Randomizado | 144 | Transcutánea | 12              | 2/dia      | -                      | Сеггадо    |
| USA           | Doble ciego<br>Randomizado | 60  | Percutánea   | 12              | 1/sem      | 1-6-12                 | Reclutando |
| Suiza         | Eficacia                   | 30  | Percutánea   | 12              | 1/sem      | 6-12                   | Reclutando |

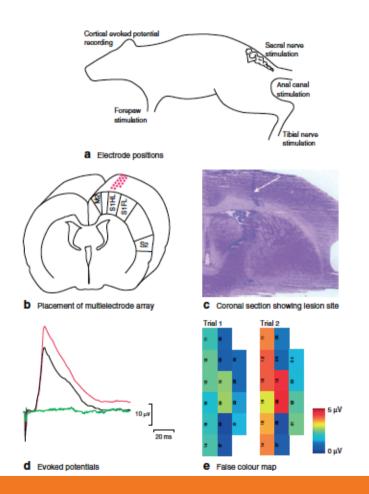
## ¿Cómo Funciona?

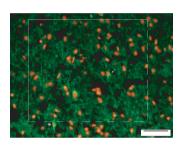


# Sacral nerve stimulation increases activation of the primary somatosensory cortex by anal canal stimulation in an experimental model

K. M. Griffin<sup>1</sup>, M. Pickering<sup>2</sup>, C. O'Herlihy<sup>3</sup>, P. R. O'Connell<sup>1,4</sup> and J. F. X. Jones<sup>1</sup>

British Journal of Surgery 2011; 98: 1160-1169





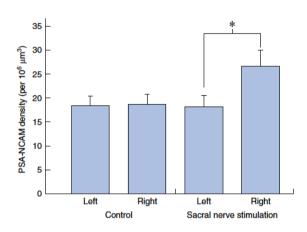


Table 1 Changes in evoked cortical potential with sacral nerve stimulation and posterior tibial nerve stimulation

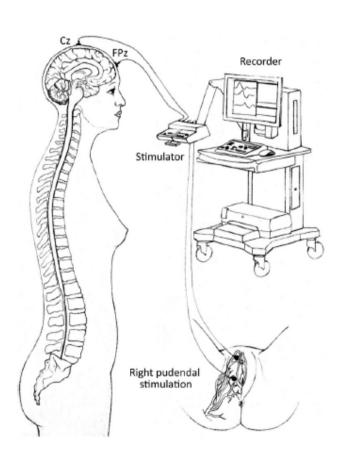
|                 | Control (group 1) | SNS (group 2) | PTNS (group 3) |
|-----------------|-------------------|---------------|----------------|
| Total amplitude | -7-7(8-8)         | +41·1(16·4)*  | +36-3(14-2)*   |
| Peak amplitude  | -2-5(8-8)         | +54·0(12·7)*  | +45-1(14-2)*   |
| Latency         | +4-5(3-1)         | +12·3(3·7)    | +14-4(7-1)     |
| Duration        | -23-9(9-7)        | -18·0(11·3)   | -13-9(12-9)    |

#### ORIGINAL ARTICLE

## The Effect of Sacral Nerve Modulation on Cerebral Evoked Potential Latency in Fecal Incontinence and Constipation

Iacopo Giani, MD,\* Eugenio Novelli, PhD,† Stefania Martina, MD,\* Giuseppe Clerico, MD,\* Alberto Realis Luc, MD,\* Mario Trompetto, MD,\* Silvia Malaguti, MD,‡ John Nicholls, MChir,§ and Ezio Ganio, MD\*

Ann Surg 2011;254:90-96





## **Complicaciones/ Coste**

- Dolor
- Gastrodinia
- Cambio hábito intestinal
- Hormigueo pie





Bajo coste:

\$8.849 US → \$770 US

#### Reflexiones de un aficionado



- Pacientes con urgencia defecatoria con Score Wexner 7-10
- Pacientes con IF por alteración sensibilidad rectal
- Pacientes que no quieran NMS
- Pacientes con EII + IF
- ¿Pacientes con Esclerosis Múltiple?
- Criterios económicos sustituyendo la NMS

## Ventajas

- 1. Barato
- 2. Efectivo (aunque menos que la NMS)
- 3. Mínimamente invasivo
- 4. Pocas o Ningunas complicaciones
- 5. Fácil de aplicar

#### Percutaneous tibial nerve stimulation for slow transit constipation: a pilot study

Brigitte Collins M.Sc., R.N.<sup>1</sup>, Christine Norton Ph. D., M. A., R. N.<sup>1,2</sup>, Yasuko Maeda M.R.C.S., M. Phil<sup>1</sup>

DOI: 10.1111/j.1463-1318.2011.02820.x

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#### Colorectal Disease

Accepted Article (Accepted, unedited articles published online for future issues)

- N: 18 pac. (17 mujeres, 17 años)
- 12 sesiones/30 min.
- Wexner Constipation Score/PAC-QOL /Incremento frecuencia heces

|                           | Pretratamiento   | Posttratamiento  | P       |
|---------------------------|------------------|------------------|---------|
| Wexner<br>Constipation    | 18 (10-24)       | 14 (7-22)        | p=0.003 |
| PAC-QOL                   | 2.31 (1.36-3.61) | 1.43 (0.39-3.78) | p=0.008 |
| Frecuencia<br>Defecatoria |                  |                  | p=0.048 |
| Uso Laxantes              |                  |                  | P=0.048 |
| TTC                       |                  |                  | ns      |

#### NMTP y Dolor Pélvico



Gaj F et al. Chronic pelvic pain treatment with posterior tibial nerve stimulation. Clin Ter. 2011

- 35 pacientes (12 sesiones)
- Grupo A: 1 Estimulación semanal (18 pac)
- Grupo B: 3 Estimulaciones semanales (12 pac)
- I-QoL, SF36
- Grupo A 36 % vs Grupo B 45 % (8 meses)
- Mejoría > 6-8 estimulaciones



"En toda intervención quirúrgica, hay que preferir el método que exija pocos instrumentos y sencillos a aquel que haya de realizarse con aparatos grandes y difíciles de manejar; casi todos estos se han inventado más con el ánimo de impresionar que con el de curar"

**LORENZ HEISTER** (1683-1758)